

Gleneig Football Club Incorporated

ABN 94 586 591 723

Financial Statements - 31 October 2024

Glenelg Football Club Incorporated

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31 October 2024

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Glenelg Football Club Incorporated
Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
For the year ended 31 October 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Revenue			
Football income	3	878,832	1,103,091
Other income	4	34,149	14,105
Net membership income		112,647	125,748
Net sponsorship income		538,501	464,683
Net fundraising & coterie groups income		102,440	142,919
Net merchandise sales		101,487	117,370
Distributions from Glenelg Football Club Trust		520,097	420,056
Grants and donations		6,484	11,488
		<u>2,294,637</u>	<u>2,399,460</u>
Expenses			
Depreciation expense		(73,252)	(74,000)
Finance costs		(9,092)	(6,457)
Senior and junior football		(1,452,926)	(1,444,298)
Occupancy expenses		(9,939)	(4,194)
Office and administration expenses		(468,513)	(522,766)
Impairment of assets		(14,404)	-
Write off of assets		(7,062)	-
		<u>(2,035,188)</u>	<u>(2,051,715)</u>
Surplus for the year		259,449	347,745
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		<u><u>259,449</u></u>	<u><u>347,745</u></u>

The above statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Glenelg Football Club Incorporated
Statement of financial position
As at 31 October 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	321,017	380,362
Trade and other receivables		17,986	31,128
Inventories		76,143	93,811
Distributions receivable from Glenelg Football Club Trust	7	520,097	420,056
Total current assets		<u>935,243</u>	<u>925,357</u>
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	8	321,380	350,328
Right-of-use assets	6	205,610	128,110
Total non-current assets		<u>526,990</u>	<u>478,438</u>
Total assets		<u>1,462,233</u>	<u>1,403,795</u>
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	9	306,861	263,581
Lease liabilities	11	11,478	32,772
Employee benefits	12	105,519	101,100
Income received in advance		126,388	116,410
Total current liabilities		<u>550,246</u>	<u>513,863</u>
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liabilities	11	199,038	111,878
Loan from / (to) Glenelg Football Club Trust	13	(1,143,880)	(819,326)
Total non-current liabilities		<u>(944,842)</u>	<u>(707,448)</u>
Total liabilities		<u>(394,596)</u>	<u>(193,585)</u>
Net assets		<u>1,856,829</u>	<u>1,597,380</u>
Members funds			
Reserves		54,552	54,552
Accumulated funds		1,802,277	1,542,828
Total members funds		<u>1,856,829</u>	<u>1,597,380</u>

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Glenelg Football Club Incorporated
Statement of changes in equity
For the year ended 31 October 2024

	Stan Wickham Memorial Trust Fund \$	Ossie Amies Trust Fund \$	Accumulated funds \$	Total members funds \$
Balance at 1 November 2022	3,539	51,013	1,195,083	1,249,635
Surplus for the year	-	-	347,745	347,745
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	347,745	347,745
Balance at 31 October 2023	<u>3,539</u>	<u>51,013</u>	<u>1,542,828</u>	<u>1,597,380</u>

	Stan Wickham Memorial Trust Fund \$	Ossie Amies Trust Fund \$	Accumulated funds \$	Total members funds \$
Balance at 1 November 2023	3,539	51,013	1,542,828	1,597,380
Surplus for the year	-	-	259,449	259,449
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	259,449	259,449
Balance at 31 October 2024	<u>3,539</u>	<u>51,013</u>	<u>1,802,277</u>	<u>1,856,829</u>

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Glenelg Football Club Incorporated
Statement of cash flows
For the year ended 31 October 2024

	Note	2024 \$	2023 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from football and sponsorship		2,439,988	2,162,723
Receipts from fundraising and merchandise		483,797	286,318
Receipts from customers		(78,337)	38,696
Payments to suppliers and employees		(2,539,523)	(2,135,767)
Interest and other finance costs paid		9,092	(6,457)
Net cash from operating activities	17	<u>315,017</u>	<u>345,513</u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		<u>(15,408)</u>	<u>(44,308)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(15,408)</u>	<u>(44,308)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of borrowing from Glenelg Football Club Trust		(324,554)	(213,307)
Repayment of lease liabilities		<u>(34,400)</u>	<u>(37,217)</u>
Net cash used in financing activities		<u>(358,954)</u>	<u>(250,524)</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(59,345)	50,681
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		<u>380,362</u>	<u>329,681</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	5	<u><u>321,017</u></u>	<u><u>380,362</u></u>

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Glenelg Football Club Incorporated
Notes to the financial statements
31 October 2024

Note 1. General information

The financial statements cover Glenelg Football Club Incorporated as an individual entity. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is Glenelg Football Club Incorporated's functional and presentation currency.

Glenelg Football Club Incorporated is a not-for-profit incorporated association, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business are:

ACH Group Stadium - Brighton Road
Glenelg East SA 5045

Note 2. Material accounting policy information

The accounting policies that are material to the incorporated association are set out below. The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, unless otherwise stated.

New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The incorporated association has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

Basis of preparation

In the Board Members' opinion, the incorporated association is not a reporting entity because there are no users dependent on general purpose financial statements.

These are special purpose financial statements that have been prepared for the purposes of complying with the South Australian legislation the Associations Incorporation Act 1985. The Board Members have determined that the accounting policies adopted are appropriate to meet the needs of the Members of Glenelg Football Club Incorporated.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement requirements specified by the Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') and the disclosure requirements of AASB 101 'Presentation of Financial Statements', AASB 107 'Statement of Cash Flows', AASB 108 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', AASB 1048 'Interpretation of Standards' and AASB 1054 'Australian Additional Disclosures', as appropriate for not-for profit oriented entities.

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Revenue recognition

The incorporated association recognises revenue as follows:

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the incorporated association is expected to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. For each contract with a customer, the incorporated association: identifies the contract with a customer; identifies the performance obligations in the contract; determines the transaction price which takes into account estimates of variable consideration and the time value of money; allocates the transaction price to the separate performance obligations on the basis of the relative stand-alone selling price of each distinct good or service to be delivered; and recognises revenue when or as each performance obligation is satisfied in a manner that depicts the transfer to the customer of the goods or services promised.

Variable consideration within the transaction price, if any, reflects concessions provided to the customer such as discounts, rebates and refunds, any potential bonuses receivable from the customer and any other contingent events. Such estimates are determined using either the 'expected value' or 'most likely amount' method. The measurement of variable consideration is subject to a constraining principle whereby revenue will only be recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur. The measurement constraint continues until the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. Amounts received that are subject to the constraining principle are recognised as a refund liability.

Note 2. Material accounting policy information (continued)

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when the customer obtains control of the goods, which is generally at the time of delivery.

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised over time as the services are rendered based on either a fixed price or an hourly rate.

Membership fees income

Revenue from membership fees is recognised on a straight line basis over the period of membership.

Interest

Interest revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and allocating the interest income over the relevant period using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Other revenue

Other revenue is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

Income tax

As the incorporated association is a tax exempt institution in terms of subsection 50-10 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997, as amended, it is exempt from paying income tax.

Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when there is no future economic benefit to the incorporated association. Gains and losses between the carrying amount and the disposal proceeds are taken to profit or loss.

Right-of-use assets

A right-of-use asset is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for, as applicable, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date net of any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred, and, except where included in the cost of inventories, an estimate of costs expected to be incurred for dismantling and removing the underlying asset, and restoring the site or asset.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is the shorter. Where the incorporated association expects to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the depreciation is over its estimated useful life. Right-of use assets are subject to impairment or adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

The incorporated association has elected not to recognise a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability for short-term leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. Lease payments on these assets are expensed to profit or loss as incurred.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. The value-in-use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows relating to the asset using a pre-tax discount rate specific to the asset or cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Assets that do not have independent cash flows are grouped together to form a cash-generating unit.

Note 2. Material accounting policy information (continued)

Lease liabilities

A lease liability is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the incorporated association's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments comprise of fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option when the exercise of the option is reasonably certain to occur, and any anticipated termination penalties. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The carrying amounts are remeasured if there is a change in the following: future lease payments arising from a change in an index or a rate used; residual guarantee; lease term; certainty of a purchase option and termination penalties. When a lease liability is remeasured, an adjustment is made to the corresponding right-of-use asset, or to profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is fully written down.

Note 3. Football income

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
SANFL Distributions	752,095	655,125
SANFL land divestment	-	300,000
Junior football	126,737	147,966
	<u>878,832</u>	<u>1,103,091</u>

Note 4. Other income

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Other income	<u>34,149</u>	<u>14,105</u>

Note 5. Cash and cash equivalents

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
<i>Current assets</i>		
Cash on hand	3,103	737
Bank balances	317,914	379,625
	<u>321,017</u>	<u>380,362</u>

Note 6. Right-of-use assets

The incorporated association leases land and buildings from the City of Holdfast Bay as their principal place of business.

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
<i>Non-current assets</i>		
Land and buildings - right-of-use	212,698	258,958
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(7,088)	(130,848)
	<u>205,610</u>	<u>128,110</u>

Glenelg Football Club Incorporated
Notes to the financial statements
31 October 2024

Note 6. Right-of-use assets (continued)

During the year, a new lease was signed resulting in a modification of lease terms and right-of-use assets. Depreciation charged to profit or loss was \$28,896.

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

The amounts recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income relating to interest expense on lease liabilities and short-term leases or leases of low value assets are shown below:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	9,092	6,457

Note 7. Distributions receivable from Glenelg Football Club Trust

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
<i>Current assets</i>		
Distributions receivable from Glenelg Football Club Trust	<u>520,097</u>	<u>420,056</u>

Note 8. Property, plant and equipment

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
<i>Non-current assets</i>		
Plant and equipment - at cost	803,825	788,417
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>(483,571)</u>	<u>(439,590)</u>
	320,254	348,827
Motor vehicles - at cost	19,991	19,991
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>(18,865)</u>	<u>(18,490)</u>
	1,126	1,501
	<u>321,380</u>	<u>350,328</u>

Note 9. Trade and other payables

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
<i>Current liabilities</i>		
Trade payables	219,199	176,309
Sundry creditors and accruals	<u>87,662</u>	<u>87,272</u>
	<u>306,861</u>	<u>263,581</u>

Note 10. Borrowings

The Glenelg Football Club Inc, in conjunction with the Glenelg Football Club Trust, has an overdraft facility with the ANZ Banking Group of \$120,000 and a Business Loan of \$521,316. All borrowings are secured by cross guarantee between the Glenelg Football Club Trust and Glenelg Football Club Inc, over all present and after-acquired property.

Glenelg Football Club Incorporated
Notes to the financial statements
31 October 2024

Note 11. Lease liabilities

The incorporated association leases land and building from the City of Holdfast Bay as their principal place of business.

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
<i>Current liabilities</i>		
Lease liability	<u>11,478</u>	<u>32,772</u>
<i>Non-current liabilities</i>		
Lease liability	<u>199,038</u>	<u>111,878</u>
	<u><u>210,516</u></u>	<u><u>144,650</u></u>

Note 12. Employee benefits

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
<i>Current liabilities</i>		
Annual leave	57,161	60,648
Long service leave	<u>48,358</u>	<u>40,452</u>
	<u><u>105,519</u></u>	<u><u>101,100</u></u>

Note 13. Loan from / (to) Glenelg Football Club Trust

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
<i>Non-current liabilities</i>		
Loan from / (to) Glenelg Football Club Trust	<u>(1,143,880)</u>	<u>(819,326)</u>

Note 14. Contingencies

In the opinion of the members of the Board, the incorporated association did not have any contingencies at 31 October 2024 (31 October 2023: None).

Note 15. Events after the reporting period

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 31 October 2024 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the incorporated association's operations, the results of those operations, or the incorporated association's state of affairs in future financial years.

Note 16. Related party transactions

(a) Board of Directors

The names of the Directors in office at any time during or since the end of the year are:

David Whelan (President)
Peter Carey
Nick Chigwidden
Robert Gillies
Teri Hopkins
Dion Moroney
Lorraine Caruso
Claire Hammond (appointed 22/04/2024)

Glenelg Football Club Incorporated
Notes to the financial statements
31 October 2024

Note 16. Related party transactions (continued)

(b) Remuneration of Directors

The Directors in office during the year ended 31 October 2024 did not receive any remuneration for their services.

(c) Glenelg Football Club Inc and Glenelg Football Club Trust

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Amounts receivable from Glenelg Football Club Trust	<u>1,143,880</u>	<u>819,326</u>

The Glenelg Football Club Inc and Glenelg Football Club Trust operate in unison to provide a football team and licensed club facilities to support football activities. Glenelg Football Club Trust has previously provided a loan to Glenelg Football Club Inc and from time to time will also make donations to the Club.

Note 17. Reconciliation of surplus to net cash from operating activities

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Surplus for the year	259,449	347,745
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation	73,252	73,999
Interest and other expenses on AASB 16 leases	(6,130)	(741)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in trade and other receivables	13,142	1,977
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	17,668	(54,330)
Decrease in prepayments	14,363	8,226
Decrease in other receivables	(100,042)	(118,141)
Increase in trade and other payables	43,281	104,808
Increase in employee benefits	4,419	5,860
Increase in income in advance	(4,385)	(23,890)
Net cash from operating activities	<u>315,017</u>	<u>345,513</u>

Glenelg Football Club Incorporated
Board Members' report
31 October 2024

The members of the Board have determined that the incorporated association is not a reporting entity and that this special purpose financial report should be prepared in accordance with the accounting policies outlined in Note 2 to the financial statements.

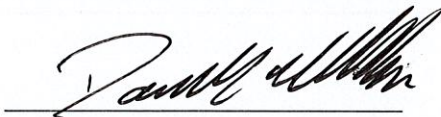
In the opinion of the Board the financial report as set out on pages 2 to 11:

1. Presents fairly the results of the operations of Glenelg Football Club Incorporated as at 31 October 2024 and the state of its affairs for the year ended on that date.
2. At the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that Glenelg Football Club Incorporated will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

The board hereby states that during the financial year ended 31 October 2024:

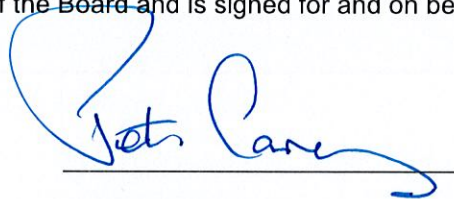
3. (a) no officer of the incorporated association;
(b) no firm of which an officer is a member; and
(c) no body corporate in which an officer has a substantial financial interest has received or become entitled to receive, a benefit outside of normal trading terms as a result of a contract between the officer, firm or body corporate and the incorporated association; and
4. No officer of the incorporated association has received directly or indirectly from the incorporated association any payment or other benefit of a pecuniary value other than disclosed amounts shown in Note 16.

This statement is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board and is signed for and on behalf of the Board by:



President

6/2/ 2025



Vice President

Glenelg Football Club Incorporated

Independent auditor's report to members

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Glenelg Football Club Incorporated ("Association") which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 October 2024, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the statement by the Board.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Association as at 31 October 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter – Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 2 to the financial report, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial report has been prepared to assist Glenelg Football Club Incorporated to meet the requirements of the members. As a result, the financial report may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Report

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with the financial reporting requirements of the members and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of a financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial report, management is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Association's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of these financial statements is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at:

https://auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf

This description forms part of our independent auditor's report.



William Buck (SA)
ABN 38 280 203 274



G.W. Martinella
Partner

Adelaide, 6th February 2025